The Spirituality of Noh

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(Note: This is an outline of the talk. The names of the dance steps demonstrated are given in parentheses)

- I. The Concept of Noh
 - A. Noh is a performing art with a history of over 600 years
 - B. Noh combines a wide range of arts: architecture, painting, costumes, song, music, drama, crafts, language, recitation, dance and masks
 - C. The reason for its longevity is the nature of human spirituality, which longs for true goodness and spiritual beauty and has a strong aversion to impurity and licentiousness
 - D. Noh is a unique drama that aims for an abstractness which is quite the opposite of realism
 - E. The expression of Noh appeals to the human desire for creativity
 - F. Noh expresses the source and essence of Japanese culture: the Japanese language, song and dance, bunraku (puppet plays), instrumental trios, jiuta (ballads), and new Japanese drama
- II. Noh and Truth/Goodness: Religious Concepts and Precepts
 - A. The concepts of reward and punishment in Noh is based on deeds (ingaouhou) and on the idea of the transmigration of souls (rinne tenshou)

(Dance step demonstrated: Shoujou, orangutang)

B. Noh expresses the basic precept against taking life and describes the agony of hell waiting for those who enjoy killing

(Dance step demonstrated: Ukai, finishing with cormorants)

- C. Noh expresses the prohibitions against lewdness, the use of abusive language and imbibing alcohol (Dance step demonstrated: *Momiji-gari*, gathering maple leaves)
- D. The concept of courtesy (reisetsu) in Noh

(Dance step demonstrated: Chouryou, stretching goodness)

E. The concepts of generosity (kanyou) and mutual respect (sougou keiai)

(Dance step demonstrated: Miwa Hakurakuten. Miwa [Bai-jui] was an ancient Chinese poet)

- III. Noh: Beauty, Spirituality and Artistry
 - A. Musical instruments: drum, small drum, Noh flute with one tone, dance rhythm (maibayashi)
 - B. Song: melody, words, strong and weak recitation, pauses (danrakushi), swaying (yuri), tone (iro), excitement (nori), single recitation, (dokkin), joint recitation (renkin, sakuyo, banbayashi)
 - C. Dance movements: sashi-iri-biraki, left and rights turns, kakutori, shimai, mai-bayashi
 - D. Costumes

E. Noh masks (kokaji)

IV. Noh Performance

- A. Viewing of Noh and Kogen: a video, Boushibari
- B. Dance performance by Professor Tsunoi: Chanting (rengin)
 (Dance steps demonstrated: *Hagoromo*, The Cloak of Feathers)